

1. ~~$f(x) = 4 + \frac{1}{3}x - \frac{1}{2}x^2$
 $f'(x) = \frac{1}{3} - x = 0/DNE$
 $x = \frac{1}{3} \rightarrow f' = 0$~~

$$f(x) = \ln(x^2 + 3x + 2)$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{x^2 + 3x + 2} \cdot (2x + 3) = 0/DNE$$

$$= \frac{2x + 3}{(x+2)(x+1)} = 0/DNE$$

$$x = -3/2 \rightarrow f' = 0$$

$$x = -2, -1 \rightarrow f' = DNE$$

2. $f(x) = x^2 \cdot e^{-3x}$

$$f'(x) = (e^{-3x})(2x) + (x^2)(e^{-3x} \cdot -3) = 0/DNE$$

* FACTOR *

$$e^{-3x} (2x - 3x^2) = 0/DNE$$

$$e^{-3x} = 0$$

$$x = \text{none}$$

$$2x - 3x^2 = 0$$

$$x(2 - 3x) = 0$$

$$x = 0, +2/3$$

$$x = 0, +2/3 \rightarrow f' = 0$$

3. $f(\theta) = 2\cos\theta + \sin^2\theta$, $[0, 4\pi]$

* rewrite *

$$f(\theta) = 2\cos\theta + (\sin\theta)^2$$

$$f'(\theta) = -2\sin\theta + 2\sin\theta\cos\theta = 0/DNE$$

* factor *

$$-2\sin\theta (1 - \cos\theta) = 0/DNE$$

$$-2\sin\theta = 0$$

$$\sin\theta = 0$$

$$\theta = 0, \pi, 2\pi, 3\pi, 4\pi$$

$$1 - \cos\theta = 0$$

$$-\cos\theta = -1$$

$$\cos\theta = 1$$

$$\theta = 0, 2\pi, 4\pi$$

$$x = 0, \pi, 2\pi, 3\pi, 4\pi \rightarrow f' = 0$$

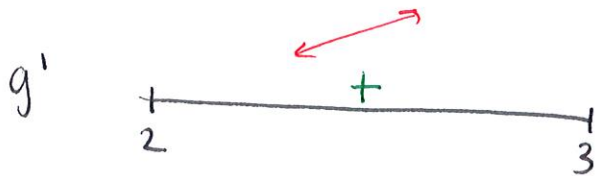
4. $g(x) = 2x^3 - 3x^2 - 12x + 1, [2, 3]$

$$g'(x) = 6x^2 - 6x - 12 = 0 / \text{DNE}$$

$$6(x^2 - x - 2) = 0$$

$$6(x-2)(x+1) = 0$$

$x = 2, -1$ not in domain ← critical points



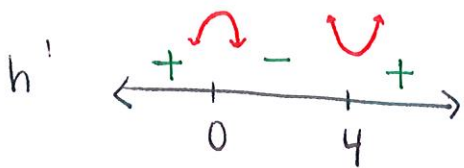
Extrema: $x = 2$: absolute minimum
 $x = 3$: absolute maximum

5. $h(x) = x^3 - 6x^2 + 5$

$$h'(x) = 3x^2 - 12x = 0$$

$$3x(x-4) = 0$$

$$x = 0, 4$$



Extrema: $x = 0$: relative maximum
 $x = 4$: relative minimum

$$6. \quad Y = \sqrt[3]{t} (8-t), \quad 0 \leq t \leq 8$$

write

$$Y = 8 \cdot \sqrt[3]{t} - t (\sqrt[3]{t}) = 8t^{1/3} - t^{3/3} \cdot t^{1/3}$$

$$= 8t^{1/3} - t^{4/3}$$

$$Y' = \frac{8}{3} t^{-2/3} - \frac{4}{3} t^{1/3} = 0 / \text{DNE}$$

factor

$$\frac{4}{3} t^{1/3} (2t^{-1} - 1) = 0$$

$$\frac{4}{3} t^{1/3} = 0$$

$$t^{1/3} = 0$$

$$(t^{1/3})^3 = (0)^3$$

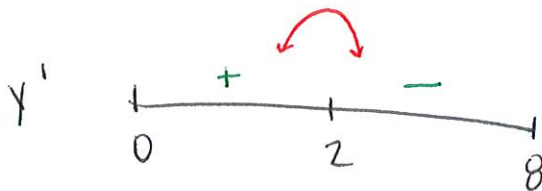
$$t = 0 \leftarrow \text{critical point}$$

$$2t^{-1} - 1 = 0$$

$$\frac{2}{t} - 1 = 0$$

$$\frac{2}{t} = 1$$

$$t = 2 \leftarrow \text{critical point}$$



Extrema: $x = 2$: absolute maximum

$x = 0$: absolute minimum

$x = 8$: absolute minimum

check y-values for $x=0, 8$

$$f(0) = \sqrt[3]{0} (8-0) = 0(8) = 0$$

$$f(8) = \sqrt[3]{8} (8-8) = 2(0) = 0$$

same.