

Solve each problem.

1. A cylindrical can is to be made to hold 1000 mL of oil. Find the dimensions that will minimize the surface area of this can.



$$SA = 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi r h$$

$$= 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi r \left(\frac{1000}{\pi r^2}\right)$$

$$= 2\pi r^2 + \frac{2000}{r}$$

$$= 2\pi r^2 + 2000r^{-1}$$

$$SA' = 4\pi r - 2000r^{-2} = 0/DNE$$

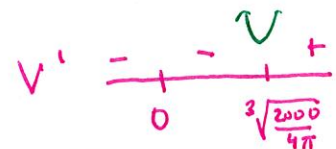
$$4\pi r = \frac{2000}{r^2}$$

$$4\pi r^3 = 2000$$

$$r = \sqrt[3]{\frac{2000}{4\pi}}$$

$$V = \pi r^2 h = 1000$$

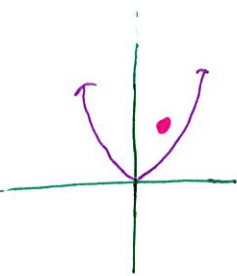
$$h = \frac{1000}{\pi r^2}$$



dimensions:
 $r = \sqrt[3]{\frac{500}{\pi}} = 5.419 \text{ cm}$
 $h = \frac{1000}{\pi(\sqrt[3]{\frac{500}{\pi}})^2} = 10.839 \text{ cm}$

2. Find the point(s) on the parabola $y = x^2$ that is closest to the point (1,4)

points: $(1, 4)$ (x_1, y_1) (x_2, y_2)

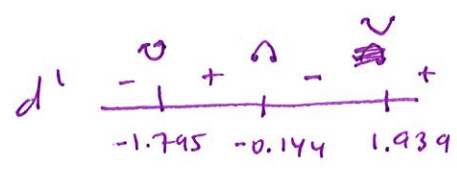


$$d = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{(x - 1)^2 + (x^2 - 4)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{x^2 - 2x + 1 + x^4 - 8x^2 + 16}$$

$$= \sqrt{x^4 - 7x^2 - 2x + 17}$$



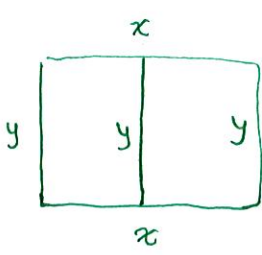
$$d' = \frac{1}{2}(x^4 - 7x^2 - 2x + 17)^{-1/2} \cdot (4x^3 - 14x - 2) = 0/DNE$$

$$= \frac{4x^3 - 14x - 2}{2\sqrt{x^4 - 7x^2 - 2x + 17}}$$

$$x = -1.795$$

$$x = 1.939$$

3. A farmer wants to fence an area of 1.5 million square feet in a rectangular field and then divide it in half with a fence parallel to one of the sides of the rectangle. How can he do this so as to minimize the cost of the fence?



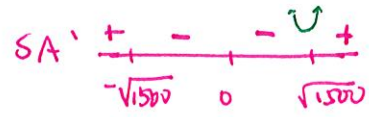
$$SA = 2x + 3y$$

$$= 2x + 3\left(\frac{1,500,000}{x}\right)$$

$$= 2x + 4,500,000x^{-1}$$

$$A = xy = 1,500,000$$

$$y = \frac{1,500,000}{x}$$



$$SA' = 2 - 4,500,000x^{-2} = 0/DNE$$

$$2 - \frac{4,500,000}{x^2} = 0$$

$$2 = \frac{4,500,000}{x^2}$$

$$2x^2 = 4,500,000$$

$$x^2 = 2,250,000$$

$$x = \pm \sqrt{2,250,000} = \pm 1500$$

dimensions:
 $\sqrt{1500} \times \frac{1,500,000}{\sqrt{1500}}$
 Feet
 1500 x 1000 ft

4. A model for the US average price of a pound of white sugar from 1993 to 2003 is given by the function

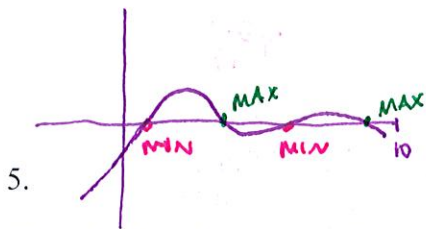
$$S(t) = -0.00003237t^5 + 0.0009037t^4 - 0.008956t^3 + 0.03629t^2 - 0.04458t + .4074$$

where t is measured in years since August of 1993. Find the times when sugar was the cheapest and most expensive during the period 1993-2003. ← closed interval

$$S'(t) = 5(-0.00003237)t^4 + 4(0.0009037)t^3 - 3(0.008956)t^2 + 2(0.03629)t - 0.04458$$

to see graph: zoom in on y-values

$$[x\text{-window: } [0, 10], y\text{-window: } [-0.1, 0.1]]$$



min; $x = 0.855$
 $x = 7.292$
 $x = 10$ } plug into $S(t)$
 to see abs. min

max; $x = 4.618$
 $x = 9.5699$
 $x = 0$ } plug into $S(t)$
 to see abs. max

cheapest: $t = 0.855$
 expensive: $x = 4.618$

5. Oil is leaking from a pipeline on the surface of a lake and forms an oil slick whose volume increases at a constant rate of 2000 cubic centimeters per minute. ~~The oil slick takes the form of a right circular cylinder~~

A recovery device arrives on the scene and begins removing oil. The rate at which oil is removed is $R(t) = 400\sqrt{t}$ cubic centimeters per minute, where t is the time in minutes since the device began working. Oil continues to leak at the rate of 2000 cubic centimeters per minute. Find the time t when the oil slick reaches its maximum volume. Justify your answer.

Leaking Rate: 2000

Recovery Rate: $400\sqrt{t}$

$$F' = 2000 - 400\sqrt{t} = 0/DONE$$

$$2000 = 400\sqrt{t}$$

$$5 = \sqrt{t}$$

$$t = 25 \text{ min}$$



Oil slick reaches max at $t = 25$ min since that's when F' changes from + to -